Safe pregnancy and secure delivery

Maternal Health Handbook





Maternity Care Website & Fan Page

- http://mammy.hpa.gov.tw
- ① https://www.facebook.com/mammy.hpa
- Prenatal Medical Instructions
- Pregnancy and Prenatal Exam Management
- Maternity Resources Search
- A Good Medical Helper





Maternal care hotline

© 0800-870870

- ✓ Special Information Services
- ☑ Breastfeeding Guidance
- ✓ Prenatal Resources and Referrals
- Psychological Adjustment and Support









Maternal Health Handbook

- Booklet Instructions -

Don't forget to bring your Maternal Health Handbook and NHI card with you to your prenatal exams!

Please sign each prenatal exam record (please refer to pages 4 to 6), and write down the results of the examination in the booklet. If you have further questions, you may write on the booklet and consult with your medical staff during the prenatal exam. Health education can be used along with prenatal exam at each pregnancy stage, according to the common health needs of pregnant women at each stage (please scan the QR code on pages 4-6 for content on each prenatal exam). Please download and read it beforehand. If you have further questions, you may ask the medical staff during the prenatal exam. In addition, after assessing your condition, the medical staff will also instruct and guide you according to your needs.

The content of this booklet is co-researched by the Health Promotion Administration, Ministry of Health and Welfare, Taiwan Association of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Taiwan Society of Perinatology, Taiwan Maternal Fetal Medicine Society, Taiwan Association of Family Medicine, Taiwan Nurses Association, Taiwan Midwives Association, and Taiwan Dietitian Association.

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We believe that the expectant mothers and fathers are both happy and also stressed after knowing the pregnancy is confirmed. Although mutual support and learning together is very important for expectant parents, the health care and guidance of professional medical staff (doctors/midwives/nurses) is also an important resource to ensure the health and safety of mothers and fetuses through the pregnancy and delivery process!

Words for Expectant Mothers

Dear expectant mother, congratulations! We are as happy as you are and look forward to the birth of a healthy baby.

In addition to the care of the medical staff, the key to a safe pregnancy is for the expectant mothers to take good care of themselves. We have designed the Maternal Health Handbook and Maternal Health Education Handbook especially for you. They are consistent with the prenatal exam schedules and provide health record forms (medical records) and prenatal exam self-check records to help you and your family keep track of your pregnancy journey and record health conditions.

The booklet also includes health information that you should be aware of during pregnancy. Please read it carefully. With the assistance and caring guidance of professional medical staff, your pregnancy will hopefully be smoother and more pleasant!



Words for Expectant Fathers

Pregnancy could last as long as 10 months or so. Starting from the beginning of the pregnancy, physical and mental changes start occurring in the expectant mothers. As the pregnancy progresses, their physical and mental burdens also start to increase. Therefore, care and consideration from the expectant fathers and families is extremely crucial at this time. During this period, if the expectant father has enough time and opportunity to find out the skills of parenting through various methods, we believe that the experience of welcoming a new life will be unforgettable.

I. Express care with practical actions

For example, accompany expectant mothers to the hospital for prenatal exams, participate in prenatal education courses and prenatal exercises together, listen carefully and share the happiness and worries of expectant mothers. These not only provide direct support but also help the father understand the growth and development of the fetus, and form a good relationship between the two of you and with your baby.

II. Actively participate in the prenatal learning of baby feeding

At the same time, expectant fathers and families play an important role in deciding on the feeding method. Expectant fathers need to undergo prenatal training in the following: (1) correct nursing knowledge; (2) breastfeeding skills; (3) skills in handling breastfeeding problems; (4) skills in taking care of the baby, etc.

III. Arrange for suitable birth location

Towards the latter part of the pregnancy and before the beginning of labor, it is suggested that the expectant father and family members look for a hospital where the expectant mother can have a prenatal exam and give birth. They should get to know the signs of labor, understand the labor process and learn to help the expectant mother alleviate the discomforts that come with the contractions. Discuss with the doctor and the expectant mother the methods of giving birth, and decide on one together.

IV. Participate in natal education with your partner wife (the expectant mother)

For expectant parents, the process of giving birth can be unknown, upsetting, exciting and frightening, and participation in natal education could effectively reduce their fears. Expectant fathers could be better companions and providers of support by participating in the natal education with expectant mothers.

V. Be a competent companion

As the expectant mother enters the pre-delivery stage, the expectant father as a companion becomes more and more important. He would be able to help the expectant mother relax, give massages, provide hot and cold compresses, clean the body, change postures (e.g. standing. walking around. sitting upright, lying on the side, kneeling, squatting..etc.), provide food and drinks, and assist the expectant mother in urinating every two hours. Expectant mothers may appear anxious, upset and scared during the pre-delivery stage, including losing control of herself, crying and screaming, etc. The acknowlegement, support and encouraging words of the expectant father can be extremely important during this time. In the second stage of labor, expectant fathers should accompany expectant mothers to push correctly and encourage them. Afterwards, newborns should be held skin to skin at an early stage and be breastfed. These will all play a positive role in the whole family.

VI. Become a support of the family

It is easier for a bond to be built when the father actively participates in the care of the baby. New dads often feel indescribable feelings of satisfaction and achievement through intimate interactions with the newborn, at the same time recognize their roles as fathers.

After delivery, fathers could actively observe the timing of breastfeeding, massaging the mother's back to relax her and thus to promote galactopoiesis before breastfeeding, actively helping mothers to adjust her breastfeeding postures, supporting and encouraging their wife, dealing with their discomfort coming from breast distention the intervention of feeding methods from the grandparents and sharing chores. When infants cry without cause, fathers could actively find out the underlying reason, comfort their babies, and change diapers. In short, they should also take care of babies and children, sparing moms from the work to have a rest.

Yellow light is on! Watch for danger signs.





If you experience any of the following symptoms during pregnancy, you should seek medical attention immediately!



Vaginal bleeding (regardless of the amount)



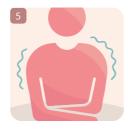
Persistent or severe headache



Persistent or severe abdominal pain



Persistent or severe nausea, vomiting



Hot and cold flashes



Blurred vision, dizziness





Facial and hand edema



Drastic decrease in urine or pain and burning sensations during urination



Fetal movement stops or decreases by 50%



Secretion similar to water flows out of the vagina non-stop (The water might be breaking)



Persistent back & abdominal rigidity

The Health Book for Expectant Mothers



YES

- ✓ Do receive prenatal exams according to schedule
- ✓ Do know the signs of premature birth
- ✓ Do take good care during pregnancy
- ✓ Do recognize pregnancy complications
- ✓ Do know the signs of labor

NO

- χ Do not smoke or drink
- χ Do not be exposed to second-hand smoke
- χ Do not take medication without a doctor's orders
- χ Do not use drugs
- χ Do not choose a C-section in order to pick the time of birth

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General table of prenatal exam	Ultrasound exam
Payment schedule for prenatal exam and services provided	Prenatal exam: Ultrasound screening records
	alth education record ····································
1st Prenatal self check-up record	8 th Prenatal self check-up record and prenatal exam record
Birth record	58 60 60 61

Payment schedule for prenatal exam and services provided



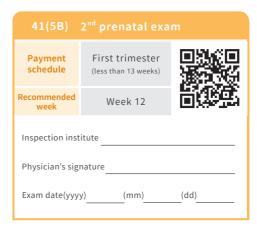
Payment schedule		Recommended weeks	Services provided
1 st time		Week 8	 Routine prenatal exam. (Note 1) Miscarriage signs, high-risk pregnancy and nutritional health education guidance during pregnancy. The first ultrasound examination. (Recommended for 8-16 weeks: assessment of fetal number, fetal heartbeat, fetal size measurement, implantation position and due date)
2 nd time	First trimester (less than 13 weeks)	Week 12	 After the 8th week of pregnancy or the second inspection must include the following exam items: Consultations: Family history, expectant mother's past medical history, pregnancy history and any discomfort with the fetus, and addicted habits. Physical exams: Weight, height, blood pressure, thyroid, breast exam, pelvis exam, chest and abdomen exams. Lab tests: Blood routine (WBC, RBC, Plt, Hct, Hb, MCV), blood type, Rh factor, VDRL (syphilis exam) or RPR (Rapid plasma reagin), Rubella lgG (rubella antibody), HBsAg and HBeAg (those who cannot go through these exams this time due to special circumstances can do so in the 8th prenatal exam instead), AIDS (antigen/antibody composite test is recommended) and urine routine. (Note 2) Routine prenatal exam. (Note 1) Note: Pregnant women who examined negative for the Rubella antibody should be vaccinated after giving birth, and this vaccine is government-funded. (Note 4)
3 rd time		Week 16	 Routine prenatal exam. (Note 1) Premature birth prevention guide.
4 th time	Second trimester (over 13 weeks but less than 29 weeks)	Week 20	1. Routine prenatal exam. (Note 1) 2. The second ultrasound examination. (It is recommended to perform around 20 weeks: assessment of the number of fetuses, fetal heartbeat, fetal size measurement, placental position and amniotic fluid volume) 3. Premature birth prevention guide.

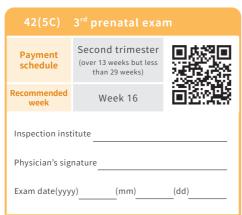
Payn	nent schedule	Recommended weeks	Services provided
5 th time	Second trimester (over 13 weeks but less than 29 weeks)	Week 24	 Routine prenatal exam. (Note 1) Signs of premature birth and nutritional health education guidance during pregnancy. Lab tests: Blood routine (WBC, RBC, Plt, Hct, Hb, MCV) and gestational diabetes screening (Note 2)
6 th time	icas than 25 weeks)	Week 28	Routine prenatal exam. (Note 1)
7 th time		Week 30	Routine prenatal exam. (Note 1)
8 th time		Week 32	 Routine prenatal exam. (Note 1) The following exams are provided around week 32: Laboratory tests such as VDRL or RPR (Syphilis test). For pregnant women who are at risk of HIV infection, an additional HIV exam is recommended. (Antigen/ antibody composite test recommended) The third ultrasound examination. (Recommended to be performed after 32 weeks: assessment of fetal heartbeat, fetal size measurement, fetal position, placental position and amniotic fluid volume)
9 th time	Third trimester	Week 34	Routine prenatal exam. (Note 1)
10 th time	(over 29 weeks)	Week 36	 Routine prenatal exam. (Note 1) Subsidy for maternal Group B Streptococcus screening. (Note 3)
11 th time		Week 37	Routine prenatal exam. (Note 1)
12 th time		Week 38	Routine prenatal exam. (Note 1)
13 th time		Week 39	Routine prenatal exam. (Note 1)
14 th time		Week 40	Routine prenatal exam. (Note 1)

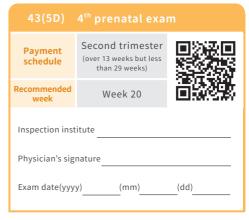
- *Expenses related to exam for pregnant women who have conducted more than 14 maternal exams and more than 3 ultrasound exams should pay for their own expenses or they should be paid by healthcare insurance when their medical needs are diagnosed by doctors.
- *If the pregnancy exceeds 40 weeks and there is still a need for obstetric examination and does not meet the scope of health insurance benefits, the medical service organization shall provide reasons to apply in advance for a special obstetric examination subsidy to the Health Promotion Administration of the Ministry of Health and Welfare.
- Note 1: Routine prenatal exam includes
 - (1) Contents of the consultation: Prenatal discomfort such as bleeding, abdominal pain, headache and spasm, etc.
 - (2) Physical exam: Weight, blood pressure, fetal heartbeat, fetal position, edema, and varicose veins.
 - (3) Lab exams: Protein and glucose in urine.
- Note 2: Regular blood check includes: hemoglobin (Hb), hematocrit (Hct), red blood cells (RBC), mean corpuscular volume (MCV), white blood cells (WBC), and blood platelet (Plt). In addition, with regard to HIV screening, if there is a risk of infection assessed by a physician during the pregnancy period, HIV screening services are available regardless of the stage of the maternity check-up.
- Note 3: It is recommended that Maternal Group B Streptococcus (GBS) screening be provided once between weeks 35 and 37. If there are signs of premature birth, this should be dealt with by a medical doctor and not be subjected to this limit.
- Note 4: For information related to vaccination sites, please call preventive vaccination hotlines in each city and county to consult.

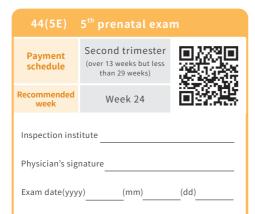
Prenatal exam records

Payment schedule Payment schedule Recommended week Inspection institute Physician's signature Exam date(yyyy) (mm) (dd)





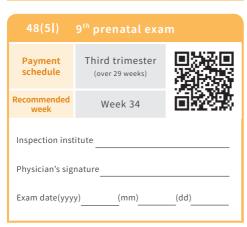


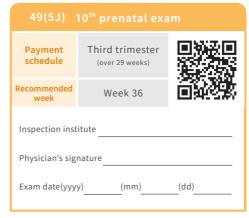




46(5G)	7 th prenatal exa	m
Payment schedule	Third trimester (over 29 weeks)	
Recommended week	Week 30	
Inspection inst		
Physician's sig	nature	
Exam date(yyy	y)(mm)	(dd)







Payment schedule Third trimester (over 29 weeks) Recommended week Week 37 Inspection institute Physician's signature Exam date(yyyy) (mm) (dd)



52(5M) 13 th prenatal exam						
Payment schedule	Third trimester (over 29 weeks)					
Recommended week	Week 39					
Inspection institute						
Physician's signature						
Exam date(yyy	y)(mm)	(dd)				

53(5N) 14 th prenatal exam						
Payment schedule	Third trimester (over 29 weeks)					
Recommended week	Week 40	画数型				
Inspection inst						
Exam date(yyy	y)(mm)	(dd)				

54 Other prenatal exams							
Recommended week	Week 40+						
Inspection institute							
Physician's sig	nature						
Exam date(yyy	y)(mm)	(dd)					

54 Other prenatal exams						
Recommended week	Week 40+					
Inspection institute						
Physician's signature						
Exam date(yyy	y)(mm)	(dd)				

Note: If you want to know the relevant medical instructions of each prenatal exam, please scan the QR code of the prenatal exam with a mobile device.

Exam item	Exam date	Name of exam institute
60 The first ultrasound examination		
61 The second ultrasound examination		
62 The third ultrasound examination		

Exam item	Exam date	Name of exam institute
55 (6D): Anemia test		
56 Gestational diabetes screening		
66 Prenatal screening for betastreptococcus		

My pregnancy history ** First prenatal exam record. Please fill this out prior to the prenatal exam.

Number of Pregnancy Childbirth Condition			1 st time	2 nd time	3 rd time	4 th time
	of Pre y/mm/	gnancy /dd)				
	Wee	ks of live birth				
		Natural childbirth				
	Delivery options	Vacuum extraction				
_	option	Forceps				
Live birth	15	Caesarean section (C-Section)				
5	Gender					
	Birth weight (g)					
	Current survival status	Live birth(s)				
		Death (age and cause)				
Feta	Fetal abnormality					
Miscarriage	Spontaneous abortion					
riage	Artificial abortion					
Still	Week	cs				
Stillbirth	Deliv	ery options				

Note: If the number of births exceeds four, please add the record by yourself.

Prenatal check-up records



Basic information						
Number of past pregnancies		Height	cm			
Due date	(YYYY/MM/DD)	Weight before pregnancy	kg			
Last menstrual cycle started on	(YYYY/MM/DD)	BMI weight (kg) / height² (m²)				

Routine prenatal exam records								
Routine prenatal exam	Res	sult	Routine prenatal exam	Result				
Rh factor	+ 🗌	-	Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAG)	+ 🗆 – 🗆				
Blood type	ПА ПВ	О ПАВ	Hepatitis B e antigen (HBeAG)	+ 🗆 –				
White blood cell (WBC)	First time	Second time	The first VDRL (VDRL	.				
willte blood cell (WBC)	x10³/uL	x10³/uL	or RPR)	+ 📗 – 📗				
Red blood cell (RBC)	x10 ⁶ /uL	x10°/uL	The second VDRL (VDRL or RPR)	+				
Blood platelet (Plt)	x10³/uL	x10³/uL	Rubella antibody response	+ 🗌 -				
Hematocrit (Hct)	%	%	Group B Streptococcus exam (GBS)	+ 🗆 -				
Mean cell volume (MCV)	fl	fl	Pelvis exam					
Hemoglobin (Hb)	g/dL □ Normal □ Abnormal	g/dL □ Normal □ Abnormal	Others					
Gestational diabetes mellitus	GLU AC : GLU 1hr : GLU 2hr : Normal	mg/dL mg/dL mg/dL □ Abnormal	Others					

^{*} The information on this form will be used for health unit policy evaluation or case tracking health management.

- ** For babies born by mothers who are tested positive for Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAG), newborns should be injected with first dose of hepatitis B immunoglobulin (HBIG) and hepatitis B vaccination as soon as possible within 24 hours of birth. After the third injection of hepatitis B vaccination, 12-month old babies should receivehepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) and hepatitis B surface antibody (anti-HBs) exams. If the exam results of HBsAg and anti-HBs are negative, and hepatitis B vaccine booster shot can be injected free of charge.
- ** Expectant-mothers with positive HBsAg should record the prenatal exam results with the doctors' help in the "hepatitis B follow-up records (page 63)." For expectant mothers with tested hepatitis B virus concentration above 10° IU/mL who are at high risk of vertical transmission from mother to child, please refer them to a gastroenterologist for evaluation and antiviral treatment, in order to reduce the risk of hepatitis B infection in newborns. Besides, pregnant women should also be educated to follow their doctor's recommendations for postpartum treatment.
- ** Expectant mothers who tested negative (-) for the rubella antigen should be careful of protecting themselves from an infection of rubella during pregnancy. After delivery, they should receive MMR mixed vaccination with the proof of negative (-) rubella antigen exam in a clinic or a vaccination contracted hospital as soon as possible. (Pregnancy should be avoided within 4 months of inoculation, but pregnancy found within 4 weeks after vaccination should not be regarded as an indication for abortion of pregnancy.)
- Expectant mothers who were examined positive for syphilis, please ask doctor to assist in a confirmation examination. If the infection is confirmed, expectant mothers should receive treatment as soon as possible to prevent newborns from contracting congenital syphilis.
- * Expectant mothers who are positive for HIV should receive further testing from the physician. If the infection is confirmed, expectant mothers should receive treatment as soon as possible and receive preventive measures and supporting medical care during the birth process to prevent newborns from contracting HIV.
- ** If anemia is found in the blood routine examination of expectant mothers, the cause of anemia should be further checked and corrected to reduce the risk of premature birth and low fetal weight. If the expectant mother has glomerular anemia (MCV<80fl), the husband should be screened for glomerular anemia to assess the risk and severity of fetal thalassemia.
- ** Most expectant mothers with low thrombocytopenia (Plt<150x10³/uL) found in routine blood examination, are suffering temporary thrombocytopenia caused by pregnancy, but a few are related to preeclampsia, drugs, viral infection, immune response, etc. Most patients with mild thrombocytopenia (Plt100~149x10³/uL) and asymptomatic patients do not need treatment, but regular follow-up is recommended. Expectant mothers should pay attention and see a doctor as soon as possible if they have symptoms such as vaginal bleeding, repeated bleeding gums, purpura and bruises on the skin.

Note: There are blanks for prenatal exams in following pages where records could be kept.

Prenatal exam schedule	1 st time	2 nd time	3 rd time	4 th time	5 th time	6 th time
Recommended week	Week 8	Week 12	Week 16	Week 20	Week 24	Week 28
Prenatal exam date						
Gestational age						
Weight (kg)						
Blood pressure (mmHg)						
Fetal heart rate (times/ minute) * Exemption within 2 months of pregnancy						
Glycosuria						
Urine protein						
Edema						
Varicose veins						
Note: If there are unfamiliar scars or suspected domestic violence, please report such incidence in accordance with the regulations and fill out the Taiwan Intimate Partner Violence Danger Assessment.	□ No special findings□ Areas of attention or abnormality□ Need follow-up □ Need referral	□ No special findings□ Areas of attention or abnormality□ Need follow-up □ Need referral	□ No special findings□ Areas of attention or abnormality□ Need follow-up □ Need referral	□ No special findings□ Areas of attention or abnormality□ Need follow-up □ Need referral	□ No special findings□ Areas of attention or abnormality□ Need follow-up □ Need referral	□ No special findings□ Areas of attention or abnormality□ Need follow-up □ Need referral
Next prenatal exam date						

7 th time	8 th time	9 th time	10 th time	11 th time	12 th time	13 th time	14 th time
Week 30	Week 32	Week 34	Week 36	Week 37	Week 38	Week 39	Week 40
□ No special findings□ Areas of attention or abnormality□ Need follow-up □ Need referral	□ No special findings□ Areas of attention or abnormality□ Need follow-up□ Need referral	□ No special findings□ Areas of attention or abnormality□ Need follow-up □ Need referral	□ No special findings□ Areas of attention or abnormality□ Need follow-up □ Need referral	□ No special findings□ Areas of attention or abnormality□ Need follow-up □ Need referral	□ No special findings□ Areas of attention or abnormality□ Need follow-up □ Need referral	□ No special findings□ Areas of attention or abnormality□ Need follow-up □ Need referral	□ No special findings□ Areas of attention or abnormality□ Need follow-up □ Need referral

1st Prenatal exam: ultrasound screening records (recommended to be checked at 8 to 16 weeks)

Basic information of the expectant mother	
Name Age Medical history number Gestational age	
Due date / / (yyyy/mm/dd)	
The last menstrual cycle started on / / (yyyy/mm/dd)	
	¬
I	
	ı
Paste the photo here	
1	
Examination report	
Number of fetus Singleton Twins Multiple births f	etuses
With or without fetal heartbeat Yes No	
Implantation position Normal Abnormal	
Crown-rump length (CRL)cm, Fetal trunk cross area (FTA)Wee	k
Biparietal diameter (BPD)cm, Fetal trunk cross area (FTA)Wee	k
Due date	
Examination result	
Reporter / / (yyyy/	mm/dd)

2nd Prenatal exam: ultrasound screening records

(recommended to be checked around 20 weeks)

	Basic information of the expectant mother						
Name	Age	Medical history number	Gestational age				
		(yyyy/mm/dd)					
The last menstru	al cycle started or	1/	(yyyy/mm/dd)				
				П			
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' I							
1				١			
I	F	aste the photo	here	١			
1	,	aste the photo		'			
				ı			
I				ı			
i I				'			
				_			
		Examination rep	ort				
Number of fetu		Singleton Twins	Multiple birthsfetuses				
With or without Placental posit		nt ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Anterior Placenta ☐	Postorior Placonta				
rtacentat posit	1011	☐ Placenta previa					
	222						
	AC	cm, FTA cm, FTA					
	FL	cm, FTA					
	EFW	g, FTA	Week				
Amniotic fluid	Mayrea	I DEvenesive Dise					
		l □ Excessive □ Low e prenatal exam □ Nee					
	Jule Noutin						
Reporter		Examination Date_	/(yyyy/mm/dd)				

3rd Prenatal exam: ultrasound screening records

(recommended to be checked after 32 weeks)

	Basic information of the expect mother						
Name		Medical history number (yyyy/mm/dd) / /		onal age			
	Ρ.	aste the pho	to here				
		Examination re	eport				
Number of fetus With or without Fetal position Placental positi	fetal heartbeat	Singleton Twins Yes No Head position Anterior Placenta Placenta previa	Abnormal fetal po	a			
	BPDACFLEFW	cm, FTAcm, FTAcm, FTAg, FTA	Week				
Amniotic fluid Examination res	_	Excessive L					
Reporter		Examination Date	e//	(yyyy/mm/dd)			

Overview of prenatal exam: Ultrasound screening

Purpose

Prenatal examination ultrasound screening is a non-intrusive exam. It can be used to check the heartbeat and diameter of the baby's parietal, abdomen circumference and thigh length, in order to understand the fetal development and make growth assessment. It also shows the position of the placenta and the amount of amniotic fluid. At least three ultrasound exams are recommended throughout the entire labor and delivery process, the first at 8-16 weeks, the second around 20 weeks. and the third at 32 weeks. Those with special conditions can be observed or followed up after the doctor's assessment.

Limits

There are limits to the accuracy of an ultrasound exam. For example, ultrasound cannot get through bones, the fat tissues in the mother's abdomen are too thick, the baby is lying on its belly. Also, polyhydramnios (too much amniotic fluid) will move the baby too far away from the detector and cause a blurry image. When oligohydramnios (not enough amniotic fluid) occurs, the baby's limbs overlap each other and prevent the sound wave from entering, so the accuracy of ultrasound screening will be limited due to the scanning conditions.

Result

Prenatal exam ultrasound only serves as a screening tool and it is not the final diagnosis. Not all fetal problems can be detected by ultrasound. The ultrasound report can be only interpreted for the following:

- 1. Crown-rump length (CRL): To measure the length of the fetus from the top of the head to the buttocks, it is usually necessary to find the horizontal lying surface of the fetus and measure the longest distance from the top of the head to the buttocks of the fetus. This is the most important indicator for measuring fetal weeks in the first trimester and can also be used to determine whether the due date needs to be revised.
- 2. Biparietal diameter (BPD): It is a measurement of the diameter of a developing baby's skull, from one parietal bone to the other. BPD is used to estimate fetal weight and gestational age. If BPD does not match the gestational age, a further diagnosis is required, including the assessment of the gestational age or other abnormal conditions.
- 3. Femur length (FL): Measuring fetal femur length, like the biparietal diameter of the head, is helpful in estimating fetal size, number of weeks, and bone development in the extremities.
- 4. Abdominal circumference (AC): It is a measurement taken during a pregnancy ultrasound in order to gauge the circumference of the fetal abdomen. The AC gives an indication of whether the fetus is growing normally inside the uterus in relation to size and development. The AC can be calculated with other measurements to estimate the weight of fetus.
- 5. Placenta position: If the placenta is too close to or directly covers the cervix, it would be a low-lying placenta or placenta previa, which prevents the fetus from entering the birth canal during delivery. It is one of the causes of prenatal and postpartum hemorrhage and caesarean section.
- 6. Confirmation of multiple births: Women who are pregnant with multiples may experience more pregnancy complications. Ultrasound exams may be done to track how the fetuses are growing, in order to arrange appropriate checkups and treatment.
- 7. Assessment of amniotic fluid volume: Amniotic fluid volume is one of the important indicators of fetal abnormalities or dysplasia, polyhydramnios (too much amniotic fluid) or oligohydramnios (not enough amniotic fluid) is related to the prognosis of the fetus.

(Source of materials: Taiwan Society of Ultrasound in Medicine, Taiwan Association of Obstetrics and Gynecology)



Pregnant Women's Prenatal Health Care and Health Education Record

After the doctor's diagnosis and confirmation of pregnancy to less than 17 weeks

Gestational age, Week (This service is subsidized by Tobacco Health and Welfare Tax.)

Basi	ic Informa	tion (Writt	en by expectant i	mother)
Heightc	m	t before ancykg	Current weight kg	Hemoglobin (Hb)
0. No 1. Middle- 2. Low-ind 3. Subsidy 4. Childre 5. Others Pregnant wo 1. Unmart	to-low-income come househol y for family in h n and youth su	e household sub d subsidy nardship bsidy (Project: ollowing condit voman disabilities	; Numbe	
Hea	alth Behav	vior (Writte	en by expectant m	nother)
2 Are you care 0. No 1 3 Do you curre 0. No 1 4 Do you chew 0. No 1 5 Do you curre	Sometimes of ful to stay way Yes 2. No sometimes of betel nuts? Sometimes of the	from environme secondhand sme alcohol? r only for social r only for social	izing 2. Often smoke or ents with secondhand smooke in the surrounding entizing 2. Often drink izing 2. Often chew have substance abuse cover do it everyday.	oke? vironment
6 Do you curre	ntly cough?		ven do it everyday thed over 2 weeks.	



Mental Health (Written by expectant mother)

In the past month, have you been disturbed with depression, anxiety or hopelessness?

Mood thermometer

(12) Miscarriage

(14) Others

(13) History of cardiovascular disease

	in the past month, have you been disturbed with depression, anxiety of hopetessness.
	Yes No
	In the past month, have you lost interest or sense of pleasure in things?
	Yes No
	* If you answer yes to both above questions, it is strongly suggested that you tell your family about it or seek a doctor's assistance.
	Duamatal madical canabistam.
	Prenatal medical care history
0	Do you have a previous pregnancy or delivery medical care history?
	0. No
	1. Yes (Please check the following boxes .)
	(1) Hystero myomectomy or uterus repair surgery
	(2) Heart surgery
	(3) Hypertension
	(4) Gestational diabetes
	(5) Premature delivery
	(6) Congenital abnormalities
	(7) Stillbirth
	(8) Neonatal death
	(9) Vaginal delivery birth difficulty
	(10) Postnatal bleeding
	(11) Previous fetus infection of B streptococcus

* Hospitals should provide pregnant women under the circumstances mentioned above with medical care or refer them to medium and severe emergency hospitals.

% Table for self-assessment, medical staff should help expectant mothers to check the box before the health education.

Medical	Key		uation for nt mother			
instructions theme	points	Clear	Not clear	Key instructions from medical staff		
	Signs of miscarriage and pregnancy			Know that during the early stages of pregnancy, expectant mothers should have enough rest and adequate sleep. Lifting heavy things is not suggested. Please go to a doctor soon when signs of miscarriage appear (vaginal bleeding, stuffy pain in the lower abdomen, constant uterine contractions).		
(refer to th	carriage and high			Know their own health materials, medical history and pregnancy history, if informed by doctors in future prenatal exams: one of the fourteen pregnancy history items take place, please choose the closest medium to severe level emergency hospital for treatment or miscarriage prevention.		
e bookl	high risk			Know the purpose, timetable and importance of routine prenatal exams.		
Set "let bab				Know the harm of smoking (including second hand smoke) to the mother's and child's health (miscarriage, premature birth, low birth weight).		
afeguard th	Dangero			Know the ill-effects of alcohol to the mother's and child's health (miscarriage, premature birth, stillbirth, low birth weight, central nervous system abnormalities).		
	Dangerous Substances			Know the harm of betel nut to the mother's and child's health (miscarriage, premature birth, stillbirth, low birth weight).		
the mothers	ances			Know the harm of drug to fetus' health (epilepsy, underweight, breathing problems, and even death) and the sources of treatment resources that can be sought.		
:hers				Pregnant women who are currently smokers should be referred to smoking quit clinic or smoking quit hotline.		
Safeguard the mothers (refer to the booklet "let babies grow safely" and zika virus infection medical instructions flyer)	Prenatal genetic exam			Know that pregnant women who are under one of those circumstances mentioned below are sponsored by the government to conduct prenatal amniocentesis. (1) Women over 34 years old (2) Gave birth to babies with congenital abnormalities (3) You have genetic diseases or your spouse has genetic diseases (4) Family with genetic diseases and the current pregnancy was detected abnormal by an ultrasound screening		
/er)	Zika			Know that during pregnancy, do not travel to areas where Zika virus infection is endemic unless necessary.		
	virus			☐ Know how to prevent Zika virus infection.		
	Zika virus infection			Know that if pregnant women are diagnosed with Zika virus infection, fetal ultrasound screening should be performed regularly every 4 weeks to track the growth of the fetus.		

Medical	Key		uation for it mother				
instructions theme	points	Clear	Not clear	Key points of medical staffs' instructions			
Gender equality (refer to the booklet: "Boys and girls are equally precious")	Care and love our babies			Boys and girls both are equally precious and are gifts to the parents. A child's future has nothing to do with its gender. Know that fetal gender screening and abortion fo reasons of gender selection are illegal.			
Pr (refer t	Nutri			Know the importance of sufficient intake of folic acid, vitamin D and iodine one month before pregnancy until gestation.			
egnance of the booklet:	Nutrient supplement			Know the importance of increasing the intake of calcium and iron during pregnancy. Know the importance of increasing the intake of vitamin B12 supplementation for vegetarians.			
"Achieve	nent			Know to consult a doctor, a nutritionist, and choose and eat nutritional supplements appropriately.			
Pregnancy nutrition (refer to the booklet: "Achieve health through diet")	Balanced diet			Knowing that when morning sickness takes place in the early stages of pregnancy, it is appropriate to take multiple diets with smaller portions for each meal. Prioritize the intake of six categories of foods with high nutrient density and avoid refined and processed foods with high sugar, oil, and salt content.			
Would you like health and social administration staff to visit your home for care visits? Yes No The content of the health education is co-researched by the Health Promotion Administration, Ministry of Health and Welfare, Taiwan Centers for Disease Control, Taiwan Association of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Taiwan Maternal Fetal Medicine Society, Taiwan Society of Perinatology, Taiwan Association of Family Medicine, Taiwan Nurses Association, Taiwan Midwives Association and Taiwan Dietitian Association. This health education is implemented according to the health needs of pregnant women, and can be used in conjunction with the 1 st to 3 ^{std} antenatal checkups for pregnant women (8 th to 17 th week of pregnancy). Please refer to the content of the Maternal Health Handbook for health education. The data in this table will be used for health bureau policy evaluation or case tracking health management. Pregnant women who are under the age of 20 and unmarried should obtain the consent of themselves and their statutory agents.							
Name and code of medical institution (midwifery): Signature of physician/midwife: Date of the health education guidance / / (yyyy/r							
Signature of	the expe	ctant mothe	er:	** After discharge, if you need prenatal counseling, please call or visit (1) The national toll-free maternal care hotline: 0800-870870 (2) The website: http://mammy.hpa.gov.tw ** Those who are willing to quit smoking can call the free smoking			



1st Prenatal self check-up record

First trimester: Less than 13 weeks
• Recommended week: Week 8

The following is recorded on (yyyy /mm /dd) (week). * Please be sure to have the expectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination records completely before receiving the prenatal exam. / / (yyyy/mm/dd) The last menstrual cycle started on: Self checklist: Bleeding Abdominal pain Headache Spasm Other symptoms Your medical history serves as an important reference for the doctors. Please fill out the If you have/had any of the following symptoms, please check the relevant box. 1. Chronic hypertension 13. Anemia 14. Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) and 2. Diabetes 3. Heart disease autoimmune disorders 4. Surgical diseases 15. Bronchial asthma and lung diseases Medical history 5. Kidnev disease 16. Epilepsy 6. Thyroid disease 17. Are there any other hereditary diseases or 7. Coagulation disorders disorders in the family history? 8. Notifiable disease 18. Dangerous exposure (smoking, smoking in the 9. Gynecologic tumor and cancer same residence, drinking alcohol) 10. Central nervous system disease 19. History of cardiovascular disease 11. Urinary system diseases 20. Do drugs 12. Gastrointestinal tract and liver disease 21. Others 1. Hysteromyomectomy or uterus repair 13. Excessive or low amniotic fluid surgery 14. Premature rupture of membranes Medical history during pregnancy 2. Heart surgery 15. Placenta previa and placental abruption 3. Hypertension 16. Placenta accrete 4. Gestational Diabetes 17. Fetal abnormalities or intra-uterine fetal death; 5. Premature birth (delivery at less than stillbirths 37 weeks of pregnancy) 18. Fetal abnormality need the surgical treatment 6. Congenital abnormalities 19. Abnormal results for prenatal hereditary 7. Neonatal death screening (chromosome or genetic examining) 8. Vaginal delivery birth difficulty 20. Fetal distress 9. Postnatal bleeding 21. Pre-eclampsia 10. Previous fetus infection of B 22. Eclampsia streptococcus 23. History of cardiovascular disease 11. Amniotic fluid embolism 24. Others 12. Intra-amniotic inflammation

■ Please check the boxes ■ of the he	alth information that I have read.
1. Prenatal exam list (page 2) 2. Overview on prenatal exam: ultrasound screening (page 15) 3. Information on quitting smoking (page 61) 4. Free prenatal AIDS screening service 5. Prenatal hereditary disease screening and subsidy	6. Notes during pregnancy 7. How to deal with discomforts during pregnancy 8. Weight control and diet during pregnancy 9. Infections and complications during pregnancy 10. Warning signs for immediate doctor's visit
Mood thermometer (Note: If you answer yes to both following questions, it is st doctor's assistance.)	rongly suggested that you tell your family about it or seek a
 In the past month, have you been troubled with Yes No In the past month, do you often lose interest and Yes No 	
Tobacco hazards, please check the	relevant box ■.
 Do I currently smoke? Yes (Please refer to page 61 and quit smoking Over the past week, do others smoke around me Yes (Please refer to page 61 and ask your fam 	when I am at home?
You can write down the questions that you wou as diet, exercise, lifestyle, smoking, drinking and	d nutrition):
Expectant mother's signature:F	amily member's signature:



1st Prenatal exam record

First trimester: Less than 13 weeks
• Recommended week: Week 8

The following is	/mm	/dd) (week).				
Special instructions from modical staffs								
	Special instructions from medical staffs							
If there is va	If there is vaginal bleeding in early pregnancy, seek medical attention immediately.							
The first ultrasonic examination (the examination report is pasted on page 12)								
	Getting to know fetal growth							
Weeks 6 to 8 Fetus heart beat could be detected by ultrasound.								
	Medical instructions							
Informatio	n on quitting smoking ((page 61)						
Overview on prenatal exam: ultrasound screening (page 15)								
Congenital	diseases							
Prenatal h	ereditary disease scree	ning and sub	sidy					



Medical instructions

- ☐ Prevention from smoking
- ☐ Boys and girls are equally precious
- Prevention of premature births
- How to deal with discomforts during pregnancy
- Weight control and diet during pregnancy
- Infections and complications during pregnancy
- Warning signs for immediate doctor's visit
- Fasten the seat-belt in the car

※ Please scan the QR code on the right for medical instructions.



Obstetric inspection institute:

Physician's signature:

Expectant mothers' signature:



Maternal care hotline: 0800-870-870 Next prenatal exam date / / (yyyy/mm/dd)



2

2nd Prenatal self check-up record

First trimester: Less than 13 weeks
• Recommended week: Week 12

	 Recommended we 	eek: Week 12			
	The following is record	led on (yyyy/mm	/dd) (week).		
Self checklist:	** Please be sure to have the excompletely before receiving the Bleeding Abdomin Other symptoms	ne prenatal exam.	ing items and self-examination records		
Please check	the boxes \blacksquare of the	health informat	ion that I have read.		
1. Prenatal exam list	(page 2)	6. How to deal with o	liscomforts during pregnancy		
2. Information on qu	itting smoking (page 61)	7. Weight control and	d diet during pregnancy		
3. Free prenatal AID:	S screening service	8. Infections and con	nplications during pregnancy		
4. Prenatal heredita subsidy	ary disease screening and	9. Warning signs for i	mmediate doctor's visit		
5. Notes during preg	nancy				
Mood thermome (Note: If you answer y doctor's assistance.)		is strongly suggested that yo	u tell your family about it or seek a		
 In the past month, have you been disturbed with depression, anxiety or hopelessness? Yes No In the past month, have you lost interest or sense of pleasure in things? Yes No 					
Tobacco haz	ards				
2. Over the past week	ke? r to page 61 and quit smok k, is there anyone smoking r to page 61 and ask your f	g in front of me when I a			
	on the questions that you w lifestyle, smoking, drinking		ctor / midwife / nurse (such		
Expectant mother's sign	nature:	Family member's signat			
Expectant mother 5 Sigi	iucuic.	rannity intentiber a signati	uic		

2nd Prenatal exam record

The date of this prenatal exam	is on yyyy/ı	mm/dd	Pregnancy we	eek).		
	Prenatal exa	m findings				
No special findings Areas of attention or abnoru *If there are unfamiliar scars or suspectedomestic violence, please report such incidence in accordance with the regula and fill out the Taiwan Intimate Partner Violence Danger Assessment (TIPVDA sc	2 tions 3		need follow up need follow up need follow up need follow up	need referral need referral need referral need referral		
Special instructions from medical staffs						
 Maternal blood Down's syndrome screening for the first trimester could be done from 11 to 14 weeks (self-funded, results are recorded on page 57). Blood exams for rubella antibody and syphilis (results are recorded on page 8). Blood exam for HBsAg and HBeAg, exam timetable is shown on page 2 (results are recorded on page 8). MCV is an important indicator of Thalassemia. Please remember to ask the doctor about the exam results. If the MCV is less than 80, the spouse also needs to be examined. Discussion with doctors is suggested for expectant mothers in the diabetes high risk groups. They should conduct exams of fasting plasma glucose (FPG) and HbA1C during the first prenatal exam (self-funded, results are recorded on page 8). Free maternal AIDS screening is recommended. 						
Getting to know fetal growth						
weeks 9 to 12 Facial feat	ures, limbs and	vital organs c	levelopment			
Medical instructions						
Prenatal exam list (page 2) Blood exam results for hepatitis B (page 8) Exam results for rubella antigen (page 8) Information on quitting smoking Free prenatal AIDS screening service Prenatal hereditary disease screening and subsidy Boys and girls are equally precious. Notes during pregnancy How to deal with discomforts during pregnancy		Weight control and diet during pregnancy Infections and complications during pregnancy Warning signs for immediate doctor's visit Popularization of breastfeeding and nursing Fasten the seat-belt in the car		scan the QR code above for medical		
Obstetric inspection institute:	Physician's signa	ture:	Expectant mothe	rs' signature:		

Maternal care hotline: 0800-870-870 Next prenatal exam date ____/___(yyyy/mm/dd)

3rd Prenatal self check-up record

Second trimester: Over 13 weeks and less than 29 weeks

	 Recommended we 	eek: Week 16
	The following is record	ed on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).
Self checklist:	completely before receiving th	pectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination records to prenatal exam. al pain Headache Spasm
Please check	the boxes 🛮 of the	health information that I have read.
3. Congenital diseas 4. Free prenatal AID	uitting smoking (page 61) es S screening service ary disease screening and	7. Prevention of premature births 8. Notes during pregnancy 9. How to deal with discomforts during pregnancy 10. Weight control and diet during pregnancy 11. Infections and complications during pregnancy 12. Warning signs for immediate doctor's visit
Mood thermome (Note: If you answer y doctor's assistance.)		is strongly suggested that you tell your family about it or seek a
Yes No		with depression, anxiety or hopelessness?
Tobacco haz	ards	
2. Over the past wee	r to page 61 and quit smok	in front of me when I am at home?
	vn the questions that you w lifestyle, smoking, drinking	vould like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse (such g and nutrition):
Expectant mother's sig	nature:	Family member's signature:

3rd Prenatal exam record

The date of this prenatal exam	m is on yyyy	/mm/do	d(Pregnancy week).			
Prenatal exam findings						
No special findings Areas of attention or abno	_					
2n 3n	eed follow up ne eed follow up ne eed follow up ne eed follow up ne	eed referral eed referral	*If there are unfamiliar scars or suspected domestic violence, please report such incidence in accordance with the regulations and fill out the Taiwan Intimate Partner Violence Danger Assessment (TIPVDA scale).			
Special instructions from medical staffs						
Between weeks 15 and 20, expectant mothers can go through the maternal blood Down's syndrome screening for the second trimester or amniocentesis. (Record the exam results on page 57.) (These are not covered by the Ministry of Health and Welfare, and for the subsidy to certain prenatal examination provided, please refer to following QR code.)						
Getting to know fetal growth						
Weeks 13 to 16 The baby is fully formed. The skin is translucent and light pink, and the baby starts to move around.						
	Medical in	structions				
 Information on quitting smoking (page 61) Congenital diseases Prenatal hereditary disease screening and subsidy Prevention from smoking 		 Weight control and diet during pregnancy Infections and complications during pregnancy Warning signs for immediate doctor's visit Fasten the seat-belt in the car 				
Boys and girls are equally precious. Prevention of premature births How to deal with discomforts during pregnancy		* Please scan the QR code on the right for medical instructions.				
Obstetric inspection institute:	Physician's sign	ature:	Expectant mothers' signature:			
Maternal care hotline: 080	0-870-870 Next p	renatal exam	date/(yyyy/mm/dd			



4th Prenatal self check-up record

Second trimester: Over 13 weeks and less than 29 weeks

• Recommended week: Week 20
The following is recorded on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).
** Please be sure to have the expectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination records completely before receiving the prenatal exam. Self checklist: Bleeding Abdominal pain Headache Spasm Other symptoms
■ Please check the boxes ■ of the health information that I have read.
1. Overview on prenatal exam: ultrasound screening (page 15) 2. Information on quitting smoking (page 61) 3. Prevention of premature births and high risk pregnancy 4. How to deal with discomforts during pregnancy 4. How to deal with discomforts during pregnancy
Mood thermometer (Note: If you answer yes to both following questions, it is strongly suggested that you tell your family about it or seek doctor's assistance.)
 In the past month, have you been disturbed with depression, anxiety or hopelessness? Yes
Tobacco hazards
 Do I currently smoke? Yes (Please refer to page 61 and quit smoking.) No Over the past week, is there anyone smoking in front of me when I am at home? Yes (Please refer to page 61 and ask your family to quit smoking.) No
You can write down the questions that you would like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse (such as diet, exercise, lifestyle, smoking, drinking and nutrition):
Expectant mother's signature: Family member's signature:
ranny member 3 signature.

The date of this p	orenatal exam	is on yyyy	/mm/dd	(Pregnancy we	eek).
		Propostal ov	am findings		
No special fin Areas of attent 1 2 3 4	ntion or abnor		eed referral eed referral _{%If} deed referral ir	there are unfamiliar sca omestic violence, please rep a ccordance with the regul ne Taiwan Intimate Partnei ssessment (TIPVDA scale).	ort such incidence ations and fill out
	Special	instructions	from medic	al staffs	
Ultrasonic ex	kamination (t	he examination	report is paste	ed on page 13)	
	Ge	etting to kno	w fetal grow	th	
Weeks 17 to 20 Fetal movement is more evident. The head takes up about 1/3 of the tota body length. The bones are growing rapidly. The length of the arms and leare proportional. The baby is starting to produce meconium. The fetus is about 25 cm in length and weighs about 250 to 500g.					rms and legs
		Medicalin	structions		
Overview on prenatal exam: ultrasound screening (page 15)					
Obstetric inspection	on institute:	Physician's sigr	nature:	Expectant mother	's' signature:



5th Prenatal self check-up record

Second trimester: Over 13 weeks and less than 29 weeks

	Recommended we	eek: Week 24
TH	ne following is record	led on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).
Self checklist: Ble	completely before receiving th	spectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination records to prenatal exam. I pain Headache Spasm
Please check the	boxes 🔳 of the	health information that I have read.
1. Overview on prenatal ex screening (page 15) 2. Information on quitting 3. Prevention of premature pregnancy 4. Notes during pregnancy 5. How to deal with discompregnancy	smoking (page 61) e births and high risk	6. Weight control and diet during pregnancy 7. Infections and complications during pregnancy 8. Warning signs for immediate doctor's visit 9. Prenatal exercise 10. Breastfeeding 11. Know about the gestational diabetes 12. Know about the anemia in pregnancy
Mood thermometer (Note: If you answer yes to b doctor's assistance.)	oth following questions, it	is strongly suggested that you tell your family about it or seek a
Yes No		with depression, anxiety or hopelessness?
Tobacco hazards		
	here anyone smoking	king.) No g in front of me when I am at home? family to quit smoking.) No
You can write down the as diet, exercise, lifesty	•	vould like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse (such g and nutrition):
Expectant mother's signature	:	Family member's signature:

The date of this prenatal exam	/lili/du	(Fregulaticy week).				
	Prenatal exam findings					
2ne 3ne 4ne	ed follow up need referral ed follow up need referral ed follow up need referral	f there are unfamiliar scars or suspected lomestic violence, please report such incidence naccordance with the regulations and fill out he Taiwan Intimate Partner Violence Danger Interpretation of the Taiwan Intimate Partner Violence Danger ussessment (TIPVDA scale).				
results are recorded on page	est for pregnant women from 24					
Ge	etting to know fetal grow	rth				
Weeks 21 to 24 The baby's nostrils are now open and it practices breathing. The baby can also hear sounds, and can feel outside sounds.						
Medical instructions						
Overview on prenatal exam: ultrasound screening (page 15) Information on quitting smoking (page 61) Prevention of premature births, high risk pregnancy Notes during pregnancy How to deal with discomforts during pregnancy Weight control and diet during pregnancy Infections and complications during pregnancy We present the seat-belt in the car Know about the gestational diabetes Know about the anemia in pregnancy Weight control and diet during pregnancy Weight control and complications during pregnancy Infections and complications during pregnancy						
Obstetric inspection institute:	Physician's signature:	Expectant mothers' signature:				
Maternal care hotline: 0800	-870-870 Next prenatal exam d	ate / / (yyyy/mm/dd)				

6th Prenatal self check-up record

Second trimester: Over 13 weeks and less than 29 weeks

Recommended week: Week 28
The following is recorded on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).
** Please be sure to have the expectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination records completely before receiving the prenatal exam. Self checklist: Bleeding Abdominal pain Headache Spasm Other symptoms
• Please check the boxes ■ of the health information that I have read.
1. Information on quitting smoking (page 61) 2. Prevention of premature births and high risk pregnancy 3. Notes during pregnancy 4. How to deal with discomforts during pregnancy 9. Breastfeeding
Mood thermometer (Note: If you answer yes to both following questions, it is strongly suggested that you tell your family about it or seek a doctor's assistance.)
 In the past month, have you been disturbed with depression, anxiety or hopelessness? Yes
Tobacco hazards
 Do I currently smoke? Yes (Please refer to page 61 and quit smoking.) Over the past week, is there anyone smoking in front of me when I am at home? Yes (Please refer to page 61 and ask your family to quit smoking.)
You can write down the questions that you would like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse (such as diet, exercise, lifestyle, smoking, drinking and nutrition):
Expectant mother's signature: Family member's signature:

The date of this prenat	cal exam is on yyyy	/mm	/dd	(Pregnancy week).	
	Prenatal	exam find	ings			
No special findings						
Areas of attention of	or abnormality:					
1	_ need follow up	need referra	al			
2	_ need follow up	need referra	al _{*If}	there are unfamiliar scars o	r suspected	
3	_ need follow up	need referra	al in	omestic violence, please report s accordance with the regulation e Taiwan Intimate Partner Vio	ns and fill out	
4	_ need follow up	need referra	al As	sessment (TIPVDA scale).	tence Danger	
SI	oecial instructio	ns from m	edica	ıl staffs		
are recorded on page Prenatal education of You can inoculate To	e 8). urriculum	at your own	expens	during the 24 to 29 wee e in 28 to 36 weeks to after birth.		
	Getting to know fetal growth					
				begins to deposit, an		
	Medical	instructio	ns			
Information on quitting smoking (page 61) Prevention of premature births, high risk pregnancy Notes during pregnancy How to deal with discomforts during pregnancy Weight control and diet during pregnancy Infections and complications during pregnancy Warning signs for immediate doctor's visit Prenatal exercise Breastfeeding Fasten the seat-belt in the car **Please scan the QR code on the right for medical instructions**						
Warning Signs 101 IIII	mediate doctor 3 VISIT		ınstı	ructions.		
Obstetric inspection inst	citute: Physician's s	signature:		Expectant mothers's	ignature:	
Maternal care hotlin	e: 0800-870-870 Ne	xt prenatal e	xam da	ite / / (y	yyy/mm/dd)	

2

Pregnant Women's Prenatal Health Care and Health Education Record

Week 29 to 40

Gestational age, Week (This service is subsidized by Tobacco Health and Welfare Tax.)

Basic In	formation (filled	out by expectant	mother)
Heightcm	Weight before pregnancykg	Current weight kg	Hemoglobin (Hb) g/dL (Please fill in the test results of the first prenatal test)
0. No 1. Middle-to-lo 2. Low-income 3. Subsidy for 4. Children and 5. Others Pregnant women 1. Unmarried p	subsidize by social welfar ow-income household sub- thousehold subsidy family in hardship d youth subsidy (Project: with the following conditioner pregnant women	sidy ; Numbe	er of people:)
Health	Behavior (Writte	n by expectant m	nother)
2 Are you aware of 0. No 1. Yes 3 Do you currently 0. No 1. So 4 Do you chew bete	metimes or only for socialideaving the environment value. 2. No secondhand smooth consume alcohol? metimes or only for socialide nuts? metimes or only for socialide nuts?	vith secondhand smoke? oke in the surrounding en izing 2. Often drink	
6 Do you currently	metimes2. Often do, e cough? metimes2. I have coug		

Mood thermometer In the past month, have you been disturbed with depression, anxiety or hopelessness?							
In the past month, have you lost interest or sense of pleasure in things?							
※ If you answer yes to both above questions, it is strongly suggested that you tell your family about it or seek a doctor's assistance.							
Prenatal medical care history							
Do you have a previous pregnancy or delivery medical care history?0. No							
☐ 1. Yes (Please check the following boxes ☐ .)							
(1) Gestational hypertension							
(2) Placenta previa							
(3) Excessive or low amniotic fluid							
(4) Fetal growth restrictions							
(5) Placenta dysfunction							
(6) Fetus overweight (above 4200 gm)							
(7) Hereditary diseases in pregnant women or her first-degree relatives							
(8) Severe complications:							
Heart disease Mental disease or nervous system disease							
Kidney disease Pregnancy with immune system disease							
Hematological disease Ovarian or uterine tumor							
Liver diseases Gestational infectious disease							
Active tuberculosis Sexually transmitted disease (including AIDS)							
Gestational diabetes Other severe medical or surgical diseases							
Hyperthyroidism							
(9) Abnormal pelvis							
(10) Abnormal uterine, birth canal							
(11) History of cardiovascular disease							
(12) Others							

^{**} Hospitals should provide pregnant women under the circumstances mentioned above with medical care or refer them to medium and severe emergency hospitals. If the HIV screening result is positive, please refer to the designated AIDS medical institution.

Medical	Key		uation for nt mother	Variable of medical section with
instructions theme	points	Clear	Not clear	Key points of medical staffs' instructions
(refer to	Do know the signs premature birth			Recognize/Identify the signs of when to go to a doctor immediately when signs of premature birth appear at the end of pregnancy (vaginal bleeding, stuffy pain in the lower abdomen, constant uterine contraction, water breaking). Choose a hospital with Neonatal ICU to wait for delivery or for delivery.
Maintain maternal- (refer to the booklet "let babies grow safely" instructions fly	e signs of re birth			Know your own health materials, medical history and pregnancy history, if informed by doctors: when one of the twelve pregnancy history items take place, please choose the nearest medium to severe level emergency hospital for treatment or miscarriage prevention.
ain ma let babies g inst	D			Avoid the harmful effects of smoking (including second-hand smoke) on mother's and child's health (miscarriage, premature birth, low birth weight).
naternal-f es grow safely" ar instructions flyer)	Dangerous Substances			Know the ill-effects of alcohol to the mother's and child's health (miscarriage, premature birth, stillbirth, low birth weight, central nervous system abnormalities).
nal- ifely" a ns flye	s Sub			Know the harm of betel nut to the mother's and child's health (miscarriage, premature birth, stillbirth, low birth weight).
l-fetal "y" and Zika v lyer)	stances			Know the harm of drug to fetus' health (epilepsy, underweight, breathing problems, and even death) and the sources of treatment resources that can be sought.
safe /irus in				Pregnant women who are currently smokers should be referred to smoking quit clinic or smoking quit line.
-fetal safety and Zika virus infection medical er)	Zik			Know that during pregnancy, if it is not necessary, travel to areas where Zika virus infection is endemic should be postponed.
nedi	Zika virus infection			Know how to prevent Zika virus infection.
tion	rus			Know that if pregnant women are diagnosed with Zika virus infection, fetal ultrasound screening should be performed regularly every 4 weeks to track the growth of the fetus.
Pregnanc (refer to "Achieve h	Weight control			Knowing that the weight gained during pregnancy should be adjusted according to the weight before gestation. It is proper to gain 10-14 kg of weight and to keep increasing rate in check.
Pregnancy nutrition (refer to the booklet: "Achieve health through diet")	Balanced diet			Prioritize the intake of six categories of natural foods, and avoid refined and processed foods with high oil, high sugar, and high salt content and foods with low nutritional value, such as sugar-sweetened beverages and potato chips.
Prepai (refer to	Multipl			Evaluate and plan the appropriate delivery method based on the expectant mother's health.
± a	iple			Do not choose a C-section without a medical indication.
rations and pl delivery the booklet: "TI the baby")	friendly delivery			Understand that pregnancy and delivery are normal processes and that participation in pre-delivery education could help you prepare better for the delivery process and thus somewhat help to relieve labor pains.
plans for / "The birth of	delivery			Identify/ recognize the signs of imminent delivery such as: sense of relaxation, bleeding, pains or soreness of the waist, water breaking (great amount of fluid coming out of the vagina), a strong desire to defecate and labor pains.

Medical instructions	Key		uation for It mother	Key points of medical staffs' instructions				
theme	points	Clear	Not clear	key points of incurear starts instructions				
Breastfeeding guidance Breastfeeding (refer to the booklet: "The best way to nurture the baby")				Breast milk can provide newborns and infants with the best nutrition. Breastfeeding is beneficial to the health of mothers and babies: (1) For mothers: it can reduce postnatal bleeding, keep fit, reduce the chances of ovarian cancer and breast cancer, and provide a more efficient natural contraception. (2) For babies: it can supply a whole set of nutrition, is easily absorbed, enhances immunity, reduces the occurrence of gastroenteritis, and make babies less prone to be obese.				
Stfeeding : "The best way to baby")	reastfeeding guidance Breastfeeding booklet: "The best way to baby")			The skin touch between the mother and the baby soon after delivery and keeping them in the same room can promote breast milk secretion and uterine contraction, reduce postnatal bleeding and infection of both each other and the baby. Enhances the bond of parenthood at an early age and keeps the baby's temperature and mood stable which is helpful to their brain development.				
nurture the				In case of mothers who are not able to provide breast milk, they need not push themselves too hard. All mothers are willing to sacrifice for their babies. There are plenty of ways to express your love and breastfeeding is just one of them. Those who give unconditional love are considered good moms.				
Mental adaptation d (refer to the booklet: about post-partum d prevention and :	Mental ada Mental ada (refer to the about post-			New mothers taking care of their babies need to remember to try and get some rest when the babies are asleep and do not be over exhausted or sleep deprived.				
Mental adaptation durin pregnancy Pregnancy Mental adaptation during pregnan (refer to the booklet: "Getting to kn about post-partum depression and prevention and treatment")	adaptation pregnancy			Mothers could have a discussion with family for asking assistance of sharing household work. If possible, mothers should take some time out each day to take a walk and give themselves a break.				
pregnancy ling to know sion and its ment")	during			Mothers need to express feelings to the family and friends when needed and seek their help. If possible, share the experience and thoughts with other mothers who just gave birth as well.				
Would you like health and social administration staff to visit your home for care visits? Yes No 1. The content of the health education is co-researched by the Health Promotion Administration, Ministry of Health and Welfare, Taiwan Centers for Disease Control, Taiwan Association of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Taiwan Maternal Fetal Medicine Society, Taiwan Society of Perinatology, Taiwan Association of Family Medicine, Taiwan Nurses Association, Taiwan Midwives Association and Taiwan Dietitian Association. 2. This health education is implemented according to the health needs of pregnant women, and can be used in conjunction with the 7th to 14th antenatal checkups for pregnant women (more than 29 weeks of pregnancy). Please refer to the content of the Maternal Health Booklet for health education. The data in this table will be used for health bureau policy evaluation or case tracking health management. 3. Pregnant women who are under the age of 20 and unmarried should obtain the consent of themselves and their legal representatives.								
Name and code of medical institution (midwifery): Signature of physician/midwife:								
				Date of the health education guidance//(yyyy/mm/dd)				
Signature of	the expe	ctant moth	er:	 After discharge, if you need prenatal counseling, please call or visit: (1) The national toll-free maternal care hotline: 0800-870870 (2) The website: http://mammy.hpa.gov.tw * Those who are willing to quit smoking can call the free smoking quit hotline: 0800-636363. 				

7

7th Prenatal self check-up record

Recommended week: Week 30
The following is recorded on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).
** Please be sure to have the expectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination records completely before receiving the prenatal exam. Self checklist: Bleeding Abdominal pain Headache Spasm Other symptoms
• Please check the boxes ■ of the health information that I have read.
1. Information on quitting smoking (page 61) 2. Prevention of premature births and high risk pregnancy 3. Weight control and diet during pregnancy 4. Infections and complications during pregnancy 9. Preparing for prenatal supplies
Mood thermometer (Note: If you answer yes to both following questions, it is strongly suggested that you tell your family about it or seek a doctor's assistance.)
 In the past month, have you been disturbed with depression, anxiety or hopelessness? Yes
Tobacco hazards
 Do I currently smoke? Yes (Please refer to page 61 and quit smoking.) Over the past week, is there anyone smoking in front of me when I am at home? Yes (Please refer to page 61 and ask your family to quit smoking.)
You can write down the questions that you would like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse (such as diet, exercise, lifestyle, smoking, drinking and nutrition): Expectant mother's signature: Family member's signature:

The date of this	prenatal exam i	s on yyyy	/mm	_ /aa	(Pregnancy wee).
		Prenatal e	xam find	lings		
No special fin Areas of atte 1 2 3 4	ntion or abnorr	nality: d follow up d follow up d follow up d follow up	need referr need referr need referr need referr	ral _{**11} dral dral ir	f there are unfamiliar scar omestic violence, please repo accordance with the regulat he Taiwan Intimate Partner v ssessment (TIPVDA scale).	rt such incidence tions and fill out
	Speciali	nstruction	is from n	nearc	al starrs	
Have you eve provider for fr	ee testing servic	esting for preg	gnant wom	en? If n	this time. not, you can ask you after the 32 nd week. (
	Ge	tting to kn	ow fetal	grow	th	
Weeks 29 to 32	baby starts to The baby is g	o be more acti setting stronge	ve. er and often	ı kicks i	ow. The eyelids can c in the mother's wom ting to point downw	b.
		Medicali	nstructi	ons		
Prevention of premature births, high risk pregnancy Br How to deal with discomforts during pregnancy Fa					know postpartum de kercise ing for prenatal supplies seat-belt in the car n infant car seat ase scan the QR code the right for medical tructions.	
Obstetric inspection	gnature:		Expectant mothers	' signature:		
Maternal care	hotline: 0800-8	370-870 Next	prenatal e	exam d	<u> </u> ate / /	(yyyy/mm/dd)

8

8th Prenatal self check-up record

	 Recommended we 	eek: Week 32	
	The following is record	ded on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).	
Self checklist:	completely before receiving th	xpectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination recone prenatal exam. nal pain Headache Spasm	rds
Please check	the boxes \blacksquare of the	e health information that I have read	d.
screening (page 15 2. Prevention of pren pregnancy 3. How to deal with o pregnancy	nature births and high risk	5. Infections and complications during pregnancy 6. Warning signs for immediate doctor's visit 7. Getting to know postpartum depression 8. Prenatal exercise 9. Breastfeeding 10. Preparing for prenatal supplies	
Mood thermome (Note: If you answer yo doctor's assistance.)			
Yes No	·	with depression, anxiety or hopelessness? sense of pleasure in things? Yes No	
Tobacco haza	ards		
2. Over the past week	r to page 61 and quit smo	g in front of me when I am at home?	
as diet, exercise, l	ifestyle, smoking, drinkin	would like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse (sud g and nutrition):	ch
Expectant mother's sign	rature:	Family member's signature:	_

	prenatal exam		/mm	/dd	(Pregnancy week _).
		Prenatal e	xam findi	ngs		
No special fin Areas of atte	ntion or abnor		need referra need referra need referra	l _{**If} do in th	there are unfamiliar scars or omestic violence, please report su accordance with the regulations e Taiwan Intimate Partner Viole sessment (TIPVDA scale).	h incidence and fill out
	Special	instruction	s from m	edica	al staffs	
Blood exams f Blood exams f be conducted exam schedule Blood exam fe	or syphilis insp for hepatitis B during the cur es, please refer or HIV should	rent exam if the to page 2. (Res	ation report in (HBsAg) and ey were not earlits are recorduring the cu	s paste I hepa xamin ded on	ed on page 8) titis B e antigen (HBeAg ed during the first trime	ester. For
Getting to know fetal growth						
		etting to kn	ow fetal g	row	tn	
Weeks 29 to 32	baby starts The baby is	ess creased. Th to be more acti getting stronge	ne nails start ive. er and often k	to gro «icks i	w. The eyelids can open in the mother's womb. ing to point downward	
Weeks 29 to 32	baby starts The baby is	ess creased. Th to be more acti getting stronge the baby's hea	ne nails start ive. er and often k	to gro kicks ii y start	w. The eyelids can open	
Overview on p screening (page Information or pregnancy How to deal w pregnancy Weight control Infections and pregnancy	baby starts The baby is In addition, renatal exam: (e 15) In quitting smo premature birt (ith discomfort	ess creased. The to be more acting stronge the baby's hear Medical is ultrasound king (page 61) this, high risk is during	ne nails start ive. er and often h id is generally instructio Warn Gettin Prena Breas Prepa	to gro kicks in y start ns ing sig ng to k atal ex atfeedi aring fo n the s nase an ** Ple on	w. The eyelids can open in the mother's womb. ing to point downward ins for immediate docto inow postpartum depre ercise	or's visit

Maternal care hotline: 0800-870-870 Next prenatal exam date ___/___(yyyy/mm/dd)

9

9th Prenatal self check-up record

• Reco	ommended week: Week 34
The fol	lowing is recorded on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).
Self checklist: Bleedin	be sure to have the expectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination records telely before receiving the prenatal exam. ng Abdominal pain Headache Spasm ymptoms
Please check the box	xes ■ of the health information that I have read.
1. Information on quitting smoki 2. Prevention of premature birth pregnancy 3. Weight control and diet during 4. Infections and complications pregnancy	s and high risk 6. Getting to know postpartum depression 7. Prenatal exercise g pregnancy 8. Breastfeeding
Mood thermometer (Note: If you answer yes to both fol doctor's assistance.)	lowing questions, it is strongly suggested that you tell your family about it or seek a
Yes No	been disturbed with depression, anxiety or hopelessness?
Tobacco hazards	
	il and quit smoking.) In the smoking in front of me when I am at home? In the smoking in front of me when I am at home? In the smoking in family to quit smoking.)
	stions that you would like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse (such moking, drinking and nutrition):
Expectant mother's signature:	Family member's signature:

The date of this prenatal exam	is on yyyy	_/mm	/dd	(Pregnancy we	eek).	
Prenatal exam findings						
No special findings						
Areas of attention or abno	rmality:					
1 ne	ed follow up	need referra	al			
2 ne	ed follow up	need referra	2011	there are unfamiliar sca	ars or suspected	
	ed follow up	need referra	al _{ir}	omestic violence, please rep accordance with the regul ne Taiwan Intimate Partner	ations and fill out	
4 ne	ed follow up	need referra	al A	ssessment (TIPVDA scale).		
Special	instruction	s from m	edic	al staffs		
Have you had an ultrasonic i Have you received a free AID		•		,		
Go	etting to kn	ow fetal	grow	th		
Week 34 The baby is getting stronger and often kicks in the mother's womb. In addition, the baby's head is generally starting to point downward.					nb. In rd.	
Medical instructions						
Information on quitting smo	king (page 61)	Brea	stfeed	ing		
Prevention of premature bir	ths, high risk	Will	Will breastfeed			
pregnancy	pregnancy			Need breastfeeding guidance		
Weight control and diet duri	0. 0 ,		Provided breastfeeding booklet			
Infections and complications during pregnancy			(Please consult the site: http://health99.hpa.gov.tw) Will not breastfeed			
Warning signs for immediate		Need guidance on baby formula				
Getting to know postpartum	depression				同名の同	
Prenatal exercise						
Preparing for prenatal suppl Fasten the seat-belt in the co			on	ise scan the QR code the right for medical ructions.		
Obstetric inspection institute:	Physician's sig	gnature:		Expectant mother	s' signature:	
Maternal care hotline: 0800	<u>.</u> -870-870 Next	prenatal e	xam da	i <u> </u>	(yyyy/mm/dd)	



10th Prenatal self check-up record

	 Recommended w 	eek: Week 36
	The following is record	ded on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).
Self checklist: B	completely before receiving t	xpectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination records he prenatal exam. nal pain Headache Spasm
Please check th	e boxes \blacksquare of the	e health information that I have read.
1. Information on quittin 2. Overview on Group B s screening 3. Prevention of premature pregnancy 4. Weight control and die	Streptococcus	6. Warning signs for immediate doctor's visit 7. Getting to know postpartum depression 8. Prenatal exercise 9. Newborn screening 10. Breastfeeding
5. Infections and complice pregnancy	cations during	11. Preparing for prenatal supplies 12. Getting to know the delivery methods
Mood thermometer (Note: If you answer yes to doctor's assistance.)	both following questions, i	t is strongly suggested that you tell your family about it or seek a
Yes No		with depression, anxiety or hopelessness? sense of pleasure in things? Yes No
Tobacco hazaro	ls	
2. Over the past week, is	•	king.) No g in front of me when I am at home? family to quit smoking.) No
	ne questions that you wastyle, smoking, drinkin	would like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse (suching and nutrition):
Expectant mother's signatu	re:	Family member's signature:

The date of this p	orenatal exam is on	yyyy/m	ım/dd	(Pregnancy week).	
	Pre	natal exan	n finding	s	
No special fin	idings ntion or abnormality	<i>y</i> :			
1 2 3 4	need foll	ow up need ow up need ow up need ow up need	d referral d referral	#If there are unfamiliar scars or suspected domestic violence, please report such incidence in accordance with the regulations and fill out the Taiwan Intimate Partner Violence Danger Assessment (TIPVDA scale).	
	Special inst	ructions fi	om med	ical staffs	
recorded on pa				ring weeks 35 to 37. (Results are o prevent it?	
	Gettin	g to know	fetal gro	wth	
Weeks 33 to 36		he baby's circ		. The fetal hair gradually piratory and digestive organs	
Medical instructions					
Overview on Gr screening Prevention of p pregnancy Weight control Infections and pregnancy Warning signs f	quitting smoking (proup B Streptococcu premature births, hi and diet during pre complications during for immediate doctors w postpartum depre	gh risk gnancy ng or's visit	Breastfee Preparin Getting t Fasten th	screening	
Obstetric inspectio	n institute: Phys	ician's signat	ure:	Expectant mothers' signature:	
Maternal care h	notline: 0800-870-8	70 Next pre	natal exam	date//(yyyy/mm/dd	



11th Prenatal self check-up record

The following is recorded on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).
* Please be sure to have the expectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination records completely before receiving the prenatal exam.
Self checklist: Bleeding Abdominal pain Headache Spasm
Other symptoms
• Please check the boxes ■ of the health information that I have read.
1. Information on quitting smoking (page 61) 6. Warning signs for immediate doctor's visit
2. Overview on Group B Streptococcus 7. Getting to know postpartum depression screening
8. Prenatal exercise 3. Prevention of premature births and high risk
pregnancy 9. Newborn screening
4. Weight control and diet during pregnancy
5. Infections and complications during pregnancy 11. Preparing for prenatal supplies 12. Getting to know the delivery methods
(Note: If you answer yes to both following questions, it is strongly suggested that you tell your family about it or seek a doctor's assistance.)
In the past month, have you been disturbed with depression, anxiety or hopelessness? Yes No
2. In the past month, have you lost interest or sense of pleasure in things? Yes No
Tobacco hazards
1. Do I currently smoke?
Yes (Please refer to page 61 and quit smoking.)
2. Over the past week, is there anyone smoking in front of me when I am at home?
Yes (Please refer to page 61 and ask your family to quit smoking.) No
You can write down the questions that you would like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse (such as diet, exercise, lifestyle, smoking, drinking and nutrition):
Expectant mother's signature: Family member's signature:

The date of this prenatal exam	is on yyyy	/mm/	'dd	(Pregnancy week	_).	
Prenatal exam findings						
No special findings						
Areas of attention or abnor	mality:					
1 ne	ed follow up r	need referral				
		need referral		ere are unfamiliar scars or suspec estic violence, please report such incide		
		need referral	in ac the 1	cordance with the regulations and fill aiwan Intimate Partner Violence Dan ssment (TIPVDA scale).	out	
_				<u> </u>		
Special	instructions	from me	dical	staffs		
May conduct Group B Stre recorded on page 8.)Do you know the harm of entAre you prepared to give birt	erovirus to newb				are	
Ge	etting to kno	w fetal gr	rowth			
Week 37 The baby's is getting sr		w thicker. Th	he nails	are fully grown and the sk	in	
Medical instructions						
Information on quitting smo Overview on Group B Streptor screening Weight control and diet duri Infections and complications pregnancy Warning signs for immediate Getting to know postpartum Prenatal exercise Newborn screening	ng pregnancy s during	Prepar Getting Prepar Medica care Fasten	g to know re for co al facili in the sea ** Please on th	prenatal supplies by the delivery methods ontractions ties for maternal and child at-belt in the car e scan the QR code e right for medical ctions.		
Obstetric inspection institute:	Physician's sig	nature:	E	xpectant mothers' signatu	re:	
Maternal care hotline: 0800	-870-870 Next	prenatal exa	am date	e / / (yyyy/mn	 n/dd)	



12th Prenatal self check-up record

The following is recorded on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).
* Please be sure to have the expectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination records completely before receiving the prenatal exam.
Self checklist: Bleeding Abdominal pain Headache Spasm
Other symptoms
• Please check the boxes ■ of the health information that I have read.
1. Information on quitting smoking (page 61) 7. Newborn screening
2. Weight control and diet during pregnancy 8. Breastfeeding
3. Infections and complications during 9. Preparing for prenatal supplies
pregnancy 10. Getting to know the delivery methods 4. Warning signs for immediate doctor's visit
11. Prepare for contractions 5. Getting to know postpartum depression
S. Getting to know postpartum depression 12. Medical facilities for maternal and child care
Mood thermometer (Note: If you answer yes to both following questions, it is strongly suggested that you tell your family about it or seek a
doctor's assistance.)
In the past month, have you been disturbed with depression, anxiety or hopelessness? Yes No
2. In the past month, have you lost interest or sense of pleasure in things? Yes No
Tobacco hazards
 Do I currently smoke? Yes (Please refer to page 61 and quit smoking.) Over the past week, is there anyone smoking in front of me when I am at home? Yes (Please refer to page 61 and ask your family to quit smoking.)
You can write down the questions that you would like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse (such as diet, exercise, lifestyle, smoking, drinking and nutrition):
Expectant mother's signature: Family member's signature:
Expectant mother's signature: Family member's signature:

The date of this prenatal exam is on yyyy/mm/dd(Pregnancy week).					
Prenatal exam findings					
No special findings Areas of attention or abnormality:					
1need follow upneed referral 2need follow upneed referral 3need follow upneed referral 4need follow upneed referral 5need follow upneed referral 6need follow upneed referral 7need follow upneed referral 8need follow upneed referral 8					
Special instructions from medical staffs					
□ Do you know the harm of enterovirus to newborns and how to prevent it?□ Are you prepared to give birth?					
Getting to know fetal growth					
Weeks 37 to 40 The baby's skin is smoother. The skull hardens and the finger and toe nails are fully grown.					
Medical instructions					
Information on quitting smoking (page 61) Weight control and diet during pregnancy Infections and complications during pregnancy Warning signs for immediate doctor's visit Getting to know postpartum depression Prenatal exercise Newborn screening Breastfeeding Preparing for prenatal supplies Getting to know the delivery methods Prepare for contractions Medical facilities for maternal and child care Fasten the seat-belt in the car					
Obstetric inspection institute: Physician's signature: Expectant mothers' signature: Maternal care hotline: 0800-870-870 Next prenatal exam date / / (yyyy/mm/dd)					



13th Prenatal self check-up record

The following is recorded on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).
** Please be sure to have the expectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination records completely before receiving the prenatal exam. Self checklist: ■ Bleeding ■ Abdominal pain ■ Headache ■ Spasm ■ Other symptoms ■ Please check the boxes ■ of the health information that I have read.
1. Information on quitting smoking (page 61) 2. Weight control and diet during pregnancy 3. Infections and complications during pregnancy 4. Warning signs for immediate doctor's visit 5. Getting to know postpartum depression 6. Prenatal exercise 7. Preparing for prenatal supplies 8. Prepare for contractions 10. Newborn screening 11. Breastfeeding 12. Postnatal health management 13. Medical facilities for maternal and child care 14. Childcare at your home
Mood thermometer (Note: If you answer yes to both following questions, it is strongly suggested that you tell your family about it or seek a doctor's assistance.)
 In the past month, have you been disturbed with depression, anxiety or hopelessness? Yes No In the past month, have you lost interest or sense of pleasure in things? Yes No
Tobacco hazards
 Do I currently smoke? Yes (Please refer to page 61 and quit smoking.) Over the past week, is there anyone smoking in front of me when I am at home? Yes (Please refer to page 61 and ask your family to quit smoking.)
You can write down the questions that you would like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse (such as diet, exercise, lifestyle, smoking, drinking and nutrition):
Expectant mother's signature: Family member's signature:

The date of this prenatal exam	is on yyyy/r	mm/dd	(Pregnancy week).	
	Prenatal exa	m findings		
2nee 3nee 4nee	ed follow up need	ed referral do in th ed referral As	there are unfamiliar scars or suspected onestic violence, please report such incidence accordance with the regulations and fill out e Taiwan Intimate Partner Violence Danger sessment (TIPVDA scale).	
Special	instructions f	rom medica	al staffs	
			th Handbook and the "Prenatal the Centers for Disease Control.	
Ge	tting to know	fetal grow	th	
Weeks 37 to 40 The baby's skin is smoother. The skull hardens and the finger and toe nails are fully grown.				
	Medical inst	tructions		
Information on quitting smol	king (page 61)		ealth management	
Infections and complications pregnancy		Breastfeedi Will breastf Need b	o .	
Infections and complications pregnancyWarning signs for immediate	during doctor's visit	Will breastf Need be	eed reastfeeding guidance od breastfeeding booklet	
Infections and complications pregnancy Warning signs for immediate Getting to know postpartum	during doctor's visit	Will breastf Need by Provide	eed reastfeeding guidance rd breastfeeding booklet nsult the site: http://health99.hpa.gov.tw)	
Infections and complications pregnancyWarning signs for immediate	during doctor's visit depression	Will breastf Need by Provide (Please co	eed reastfeeding guidance rd breastfeeding booklet nsult the site: http://health99.hpa.gov.tw)	
Infections and complications pregnancy Warning signs for immediate Getting to know postpartum Prenatal exercise Preparing for prenatal suppli	during doctor's visit depression es methods	Will breastf Need by Provide (Please co Will not bre Need go	eed reastfeeding guidance rd breastfeeding booklet nsult the site: http://health99.hpa.gov.tw) astfeed	
Infections and complications pregnancy Warning signs for immediate Getting to know postpartum Prenatal exercise Preparing for prenatal suppli Prepare for contractions Getting to know the delivery Newborn screening	during doctor's visit depression es methods	Will breastf Need by Provide (Please co Will not bre Need go ** Plea on t instr	reastfeeding guidance and breastfeeding booklet ansult the site: http://health99.hpa.gov.tw) astfeed aidance on baby formula see scan the QR code the right for medical	



14th Prenatal self check-up record

The following is recorded on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).
** Please be sure to have the expectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination records completely before receiving the prenatal exam. Self checklist: ☐ Bleeding ☐ Abdominal pain ☐ Headache ☐ Spasm ☐ Other symptoms ☐ Please check the boxes ☐ of the health information that I have read.
1. Information on quitting smoking (page 61) 2. Weight control and diet during pregnancy 3. Infections and complications during pregnancy 4. Warning signs for immediate doctor's visit 5. Getting to know postpartum depression 6. Prenatal exercise 7. Preparing for prenatal supplies 8. Prepare for contractions 9. Getting to know the delivery methods 10. Newborn screening 11. Breastfeeding 12. Postnatal health management 13. Medical facilities for maternal and child care 14. Childcare at your home
Mood thermometer (Note: If you answer yes to both following questions, it is strongly suggested that you tell your family about it or seek a doctor's assistance.)
 In the past month, have you been disturbed with depression, anxiety or hopelessness? Yes No In the past month, have you lost interest or sense of pleasure in things? Yes No
Tobacco hazards
 Do I currently smoke? Yes (Please refer to page 61 and quit smoking.) Over the past week, is there anyone smoking in front of me when I am at home? Yes (Please refer to page 61 and ask your family to quit smoking.)
You can write down the questions that you would like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse (such as diet, exercise, lifestyle, smoking, drinking and nutrition):
Expectant mother's signature:Family member's signature:

The date of this	prenatal exam	is on yyyy	/mm	_ /dd	(Pregnancy wee	ek).
		Prenatal	exam find	lings		
	ntion or abnor	•				
1 2 3 4	nee	ed follow up ed follow up ed follow up ed follow up	need refer	ral _{※If} ral in	there are unfamiliar scar omestic violence, please repo accordance with the regulat le Taiwan Intimate Partner' ssessment (TIPVDA scale).	rt such incidence tions and fill out
	Special	instructio	ns from r	nedic	al staffs	
At the time of delivery, please get a copy of the Maternal Health Handbook and the "Prenatal check-up record of hepatitis B for pregnant women" printed by the Centers for Disease Control.						
	Ge	tting to ki	now fetal	grow	th	
Week 40	movement d		e baby's hea	d will tu	ess room in the utero Irn downward with k	
		Medical	instructi	ons		
Information on quitting smoking (page 61) Weight control and diet during pregnancy Infections and complications during pregnancy Contraceptive methods Getting to know postpartum depression Prenatal exercise Preparing for prenatal supplies						
Prepare for co	ntractions			on t	se scan the QR code the right for medical ructions.	
Obstetric inspection	on institute:	Physician's s	ignature:		Expectant mothers	a' signature:
Maternal care	hotline: 0800-	870-870 Nex	xt prenatal (exam da	ate / /	(yyyy/mm/dd)

Other prenatal exam record

The following is	recorded on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).
completely before re	tive the expectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination records ceiving the prenatal exam. dominal pain Headache Spasm
Prenatal exam record	Prenatal exam findings
Weight (kg)	No special findings
Blood pressure (mmHg)	Areas of attention or abnormality: 1need followneed referral 2need followneed referral
Fetal heart rate (times/minute)	3need followneed referral 4need followneed referral
Fetal position	*/If there are unfamiliar scars or suspected domestic violence, please report such incidence in accordance with the regulations and fill out the Taiwan Intimate Partner Violence Danger Assessment (TIPVDA scale). **Taiwan Intimate Partner Violence Danger Da
Glycosuria	Obstetric inspection institute:
Urine protein	
Edema	
Varicose veins	Next prenatal exam date / / (yyyy/mm/dd)
You can write down the questions to (such as diet, exercise, lifestyle, smo	hat you would like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse king, drinking and nutrition):

Other prenatal exam record

	The following is re	corded on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).
Self checklist:	completely before recei	ominal pain Headache Spasm
Prenatal ex	am record	Prenatal exam findings
Weight (kg)		No special findings
Blood pressure (mmHg)		Areas of attention or abnormality: 1need follow need referral 2need follow need referral
Fetal heart rate (times/minute)		3need followneed referral 4need followneed referral
Fetal position		*If there are unfamiliar scars or suspected domestic violence, please report such incidence in accordance with the regulations and fill out the Taiwan Intimate Partner Violence Danger Assessment (TIPVDA scale).
Glycosuria		Obstetric inspection institute:
Urine protein		
Edema		
Varicose veins		Next prenatal exam date / / (yyyy/mm/dd)
	•	nat you would like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse king, drinking and nutrition):

Other prenatal exam record

	The following is	recorded on (yyyy/mm/dd) (week).
Self checklist	completely before red	ve the expectant mother fill in the following items and self-examination records the prenatal exam. Spasm S
Prenatal ex	am record	Prenatal exam findings
Weight (kg)		No special findings
Blood pressure (mmHg)		Areas of attention or abnormality: 1need follow_need referral 2need follow_need referral
Fetal heart rate (times/minute)		 need follow need referral need follow need referral need follow need referral
Fetal position		*If there are unfamiliar scars or suspected domestic violence, please report such incidence in accordance with the regulations and fill out the Taiwan Intimate Partner Violence Danger Assessment (TIPVDA scale).
Glycosuria		Obstetric inspection institute:
Urine protein		
Edema		
Varicose veins		Next prenatal exam date / / (yyyy/mm/dd)
	•	nat you would like to ask the doctor / midwife / nurse king, drinking and nutrition):



Records of exam at your own expense

Exam items	Result
Down syndrome screening in the first trimester	
Down syndrome screening in the second trimester	
Non-invasive prenatal test (NIPT)	
Amniocentesis	
Prenatal tetanus diphtheria acellular pertussis mixed vaccine (Tdap) vaccination	Non-inoculation □ Inoculation Inoculation date: / / (yyyy/mm/dd)

Birth plan

Medical Institution, birth plan					
comfortable an laboring" and ho treatment. In o	tant mothers and fat d happy laboring exp ope to provide parents rder to understand yo please provide your a	erience. At with the au our prefere	present, utonomy t nces and	, we adv to partic give ex	vocate "friendly cipate in medical oplanations in a
This is our	Birth plan of birth(s), and the du	and		·	(yyyy/mm/dd).
Signature of exped	Signature of expectant mother Signature of physician				
		of prefere	ences		
I. Labor prefe					
☐ Yes ☐ No	I have no preferences regadvice.	_			
	(If you answer "YES," please go 1. I would like to have fr				
	labor, if safe and possi		8		Yes No
	2. If it is safe for me to during labor.	do so, I would	d like to ea	t lightly	Yes No
	3. I do not mind having placement during labor	peripheral int r.	travenous o	atheter	Yes No
	4. I do not mind receivin labor.	ıg intravenou	s hydratior	n during	Yes No
II. Anesthesia	preferences				
☐ Yes ☐ No	Using an epidural durin decide.	g labor is no	t a necess	ity, and I	have the right to

III. About vaginal delivery (normal spontaneous delivery) preferences				
Yes No I have no preferences regarding vaginal delivery and fully respect promedical advice. (If you answer "YES," please go to the forth major option: postpar				
	1. I would like to have pubic hair shaved before birth?	Yes No		
	2. I would prefer to fast during labor?	Yes No		
	3. I would prefer to have an episiotomy during labor?	Yes No		
	4. I would prefer to receive intravenous hydration during labor?	Yes No		
	5. I would prefer to use augmentation medication during labor?	Yes No		
	6. I would prefer to have my husband stay with me during labor?	Yes No		
IV. Postpartui	m			
☐ Yes ☐ No	I would like to hold the baby immediately after birth, if med	ically safe.		
V. Newborn care preferences				
☐ Yes ☐ No	I would like to breastfeed my baby.			

- * Note: 1. This plan has no legal effect. Discussions and communications with medical staff beforehand are highly recommended, especially when medical adjustments are necessary, to ensure a safe delivery process.
 - 2. This template is provided by Taiwan Association of Obstetrics and Gynecology. It is only for reference. Individual medical institutions can add or delete content according to medical needs.

(Source of materials: Taiwan Association of Obstetrics and Gynecology)

E	xpectant mothers signature:
	Date:/(yyyy/mm/dd)
E	

Birth record

Time of birth	Voor	Month	Day	Hour	Minuto
Time of birth	Year	Month	_Day	_Hour	Minute
Gestational age	Week	_(Month:)		
Delivery	☐ Vaginal de	elivery 🗌 Ford	ceps 🗌 Vacı	ıum 🗌 C-s	section Others
options	Special note	S			
	Gender			Number of baby	
	Weight		g	Height	cm
Birth conditions	Head circumference		cm		
Conditions	Special cond	ditions			
Divth who as	Name:				
Birth place	Address:				

Reminders before checking out of the hospital

Don't forget to receive health consultation!

Instructions previously given	Contraceptive methods Breastfeeding Postnatal exam 4 to 6 weeks after childbirth Pap smears after 3 months of giving birth Get to know about postpartum depression depression and its prevention and treatment	Prevent baby from tetanus diphtheria acellular pertussis Prevent and control accidents from baby Guidance for stool card Parent-child book reading Make an appointment for the health care clinic and complete the vaccination
Other reminders	parents for their opinions on the insurance and confirming the "Household Registratic Administration, Ministry of Health and Wel Health Insurance Administration will active procedures for the newborn baby and notic designated address. For further informatic	t birth registration of newborns, and will consult e and the NHI card for newborn babies. After signing on Office Notification to the National Health Insurance lfare Inter-agency Service Application Form," the National ely follow their wishes to complete the insurance fly the insured unit, and send the NHI card to the on, please consult the site: https://www.nhi.gov.tw.

Knowing the danger of smoking

There are more than 7,000 chemical substances in tobacco smoke, of which 93 are carcinogenic and harmful substances, which can cause serious harm to health.

One in two smokers dies from smoking-related diseases. Tobacco use is the number one cause of death in many countries, and secondhand smoke has been identified and classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a first-class carcinogen. Studies have pointed out that tobacco products are related to 6 major causes of death, including tumors, diabetes, cardiovascular system diseases, respiratory system diseases, digestive system diseases, and kidney diseases. It will increase spontaneous abortion, congenital malformations, risk of preterm birth and neonatal low birth weight.

Family members living with smokers have to face the threat of "third-hand smoke" in addition to the harm of second-hand smoke. Studies have confirmed that even if smokers do not smoke in front of children, third-hand smoke left in clothes, cars, and houses can cause cognitive impairment in children, increase the risk of asthma, otitis media and blood cancer.

The benefits of quitting smoking are well-known

As soon as you stop smoking, the nicotine, carbon monoxide and smoke tar in the body will begin discharge and no longer accumulates.

20 minutes	Heart rate and blood pressure return to normal.	2-12 weeks	Blood circulation is greatly improving.
8 hours	Blood nicotine and carbon monoxide levels are halved, and oxygen levels return to normal.	3-9 months	Reduce breathing problems such as cough, asthma, and increase lung function by 10%.
24 hours	Carbon monoxide is eliminated, and the lungs begin to clear sputum and tea residues.	1 year	Heart attack chance is halved.
No residual nicotine in the body, the sense of taste and smell, as well as the lung		10 years	Risk of developing lung cancer is halved.
48 hours	function are improving, and breathing becomes much easier.	15-year	Risk for heart attack is the same as non-smoker.

Ways to quit smoking

There is no safe range for exposure to tobacco harm. You can make good use of the various quit-smoking services and resources provided by the Health Promotion Administration. There are nearly 3,500 contracted medical institution providing quit-smoking services and free smoking quit consultation hotline (0800-636363), among which the hotline provides smokers with convenient and confidential smoking-quit services combined with professional psychological counseling. It can provide tailor-made strategies and methods according to the problems and difficulties of smokers, making you feel that no matter where you are, this hotline is always by your side.

MEMO

Please tear this page for the medical staff to attach it to the medical records.

Hepatitis B follow-up records

Date of birth

Name

	Date		Postnatal follow-up			
		(year)	(year)	(year)	(year)	(year)
	Result	(month)	(month)	(month)	(month)	(month)
Item \	\	(day)	(day)	(day)	(day)	(day)
Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) (- negative; + positive)						
Hepatitis B e antigen (HBeAg) (- negative; + positive)						
Liver function	AST (GOT)					
	ALT (GPT)					
Liver ultrasound (It is recommended to include information on whether the patient has cirrhosis.)						
Others						
 Hospital						

ID No.

- For pregnant women who were examined positive for HBsAg, hospitals that conduct the prenatal examination should fill out the above form, conduct health education and follow up regularly after delivery.
- 2. Actual exams are determined by the professional judgments of the doctors.

O For expectant mothers positive for HBsAg, don't forget the following!

- Babies should be given a dose of HBIG and hepatitis B vaccine as soon as possible after birth.
 The sooner the better, not later than 24 hours. After babies completed the third dose of hepatitis B vaccine, HBsAg and anti-HBs should be examined at baby's age 12 months.
- Please let a physician assist with the evaluation. If there is a high risk of maternal-to-child vertical transmission (hepatitis B virus concentration in blood ≥ 10⁶ IU/mL), please refer to a gastroenterologist for evaluation and antiviral drug treatment to reduce neonatal infection of hepatitis B.
- If the mother is a carrier of hepatitis B and the newborn has been receiving hepatitis B vaccines as scheduled, the mother can still breastfeed.
- ◎ If a hepatitis B carrier has normal liver function, it is suggested that the patient should follow up every 6 months to 1 year. If the liver function is abnormal, the doctor should decide the timing for follow up exam to examine the liver function and for ultrasound.
- © Current treatments for hepatitis B
 Include interferon and antivirals. In order to reduce cases of cirrhosis and liver cancer, the
 National Health Insurance Administration has been promoting the "National Health Insurance
 of Medical Payment Promotion Plan for Hepatitis B Carriers and Hepatitis C Infectors,"
 providing follow-up, management and care services once every 6 months. For information on
 medical coverage and contracted hospitals, please visit the "Medical Services" section at the
 website of National Health Insurance Administration (http://www.nhi.gov.tw).

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Name: Maternal Health Handbook

Advertisement

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 $Health\ Promotion\ Administration,\ Ministry\ of\ Health\ and\ Welfare\ reminds\ you.$

The "Public Breastfeeding Act" stipulates that no one can forbid, eject, or interfere a woman from breastfeeding her child in public. Any violation of this law shall be punished with a fine of no less than NT\$ 6,000 but no more than NT\$ 30,000.









is the toxic particles attached to clothes, furniture, dolls, etc. After smoking, which remain for at least half a year, not only harming the health of smokers, buy also that of family members, especially infants and young children...

Even my favorite bear is not spared.







A happiness you worth having, a lifetime of warm gratitude

Please protect girls, don't conducting pregnancy gender screening.







Expectant mother's signature





Please remember to bring the Maternal Health Handbook with you during the prenatal exam.



If you find this handbook, please contact the owner (phone:
) or deliver it to the closest Department of Health (Public Health Center)
or the hospital/clinic that the owner goes to so that this booklet can be returned. Thank you!



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